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Sonlu Aralıkta Coulomb Potansiyele Sahip Sturm-Liouville Diferansiyel Denklemlerin Çözümleri İçin Bir Gösterim

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Özet: Bu çalışmada sonlu aralıkta Coulomb potansiyele sahip Sturm-Liouville operatörleri için çevirme operatörü tipinde gösterimler elde edilmiştir.

Anahtar kelimeler: Çevirme operatörü, İntegral Denklemi, Sturm-Liouville operatörü, Coulomb potansiyeli.

An Integral Representation for Solutions of Sturm-Liouville Differential Equations with Coulomb Potential on a Finite Interval

Abstract: In this study, representation with transformation operator has been obtained for Sturm-Liouville operators with Coulomb potential on a finite interval.

Keywords: Transformation operator, Integral Equation, Sturm-Liouville operator, Coulomb Potential.

1. Giriş

(a,b) sonlu aralığında $\mathbf{I}y := -y''(x) + q(x)y(x)$ diferansiyel ifadesinin ürettiği Sturm-Liouville operatörler teorisinde, $q(x)$ fonksiyonu, $q(x) \in L_1(a,b)$ koşulunu

sağladığında $\mathbf{I}y$ diferansiyel ifadesi regüler, (a, b) aralığı sonsuz ya da $q(x)$ fonksiyonu verilen aralığın iç noktalarında veya sınırında integrallenemeyen singüleriteye sahip ise singüler diferansiyel ifade olarak adlandırılır.

[6] çalışmasında, $u \in L_2(0,1)$ olmak üzere genelleştirilmiş türev kullanılarak $q(x) = u'(x)$ şeklinde bir potansiyele sahip singüler Sturm-Liouville operatörü tanımlanmıştır.

Ayrıca bu çalışmada $u \in L_2(0,1)$ olmak üzere $q(x) = u'(x)$ potansiyeline sahip $\mathbf{I}y$ diferansiyel ifadesi tarafından diferansiyel operatörlerin self-adjoint genişlemeleri oluşturulmuştur. Genelleştirilmiş fonksiyonlar, [5] 'de kanonik regülarizasyon metodu kullanılarak $|x|^{-a} sign x, a \neq 2, 4, 6, \dots$ durumlarında belirtilmiştir. $a < \frac{3}{2}$ durumunda, bu yolla elde edilen genelleştirilmiş fonksiyonlar L_2 uzayındaki fonksiyonların genelleştirilmiş türevleri şeklinde gösterilebilir. Böylece $\mathbf{I}y$ diferansiyel ifadesi ve $q(x) = |x|^{-a} sign x$ şeklinde bir potansiyele sahip Sturm-Liouville operatörü tanımlanabilir. [1] çalışmasında, $q(x) = Cx^{-a}$ ve $a < \frac{3}{2}, C \in R, x \in R^+$ olması durumunda, bu tip potansiyele sahip Sturm-Liouville denklemi için sınır-değer probleminde bir regülarizasyon verilmiştir.

[4] çalışmasında ise $q(x) = Cx^{-a}$ ve $a \in [1, 2)$ olması durumunda sınır-değer koşullarına göre bu tip potansiyele sahip $\mathbf{I}y$ diferansiyel ifadesi tarafından üretilen operatörlerin tüm self-adjoint genişlemeleri ve dolayısıyla bu tip potansiyele sahip Sturm-Liouville denklemi için sınır-değer probleminin nasıl konulacağı konusu incelenmiştir. Ayrıca [4] ve [6] çalışmalarında ki regülarizasyonlar sadece $a < \frac{3}{2}$ durumu için çakışmaktadır.

$$\mathbf{I}y := -y''(x) + \frac{C}{x^a} y(x) + q(x)y(x), \quad 0 < x < p \quad (\text{I})$$

diferansiyel ifadesini ele alalım. Burada $C \in R, q(x)$ - gerçel değerli, sınırlı bir fonksiyondur.

$D'_0 = C_0^\infty(0, p)$ kümesinde $L'_0 : L'_0 y = \mathbf{I}(y)$ operatörünü tanımlayalım. Açıktır ki, $L_2[0, p]$ uzayında L'_0 operatörü simetriktir. L_0 in kapanışı olan L'_0 operatörü (I)

diferansiyel ifadesinin ürettiği minimal operatördür, L_0 operatörünün eşleniği olan L_0^* operatörüde (I) diferansiyel ifadesinin ürettiği maksimal operatör olarak adlandırılır.

[4] çalışmasında, tüm maksimal dissipative ve accumulative ve ayrıca L_0 operatörünün self-adjoint genişlemeleri; (I) diferansiyel ifadesinin ürettiği maksimal ve minimal operatörlerin sınır koşulları ve tanım kümesine göre çalışılmıştır.

$$u(x) = C \frac{x^{1-a}}{1-a} \text{ olmak üzere } (\Gamma_a y)(x) = y'(x) - u(x)y(x) \text{ alalım.}$$

[4] de $y(x) \in D(L_0^*)$ ise bu durumda $x \rightarrow +0$ iken $(\Gamma_a y)(x)$ fonksiyonu bir limite sahip olduğu gösterilmiştir. Yani

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +0} (\Gamma_a y)(x) = (\Gamma_a y)(0)$$

dir. Dolayısıyla (I) diferansiyel ifadesinin ürettiği L_0 minimal operatörünün $D(L_0)$ tanım kümesi sadece $y(x) \in D(L_0^*)$ fonksiyonlarından oluşur öyle ki, $y(x)$ fonksiyonu $y(0) = y(p) = (\Gamma_a y)(0) = y'(p) = 0$ koşullarını sağlar.

Bu çalışmada $a=1$ durumu incelenmiştir. Dolayısıyla $u(x) = C \ln x \in L_2[0, p]$ ve $(\Gamma y)(x) = y'(x) - u(x)y(x)$ olarak alınmıştır. Ayrıca bu çalışmada [10] çalışmada ki

$$y(x, k) = y_0(x, k) + \int_{-x}^x K(x, t) e^{ikt} dt$$

çevirme operatörüne benzer bir gösterim elde edilmiştir.

2. Integral denklemin oluşturulması

$$Ly := -y'' + \left[\frac{C}{x} + q(x) \right] y = I y, \quad I = k^2, \quad 0 < x < p \quad (1)$$

diferansiyel denklemi,

$$y(0) = 0, \quad y(p) = 0 \quad (2)$$

sınır koşulları ve

$$\begin{cases} y(d+0) = a y(d-0) \\ y'(d+0) = a^{-1} y'(d-0) + 2ik b y(d-0) \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

süreksizlik koşullarının ürettiği L problemini ele alalım. Burada I -spektral parametre, $C, a, b \in R, a \neq 1, a > 0$, $d \in \left(\frac{p}{2}, p\right)$ $q(x)$ - gerçel değerli, sınırlı ve $q(x) \in L_2(0, p)$ dir.

(1) diferansiyel denkleminde $u(x) = C \ln x \in L_2(0, p)$ olmak üzere $(\Gamma y)(x) = y' - u(x)y$ alınırsa,

$$Ly := -y'' + u'(x)y + q(x)y = -[y' - u(x)y]' - u(x)y' + q(x)y = k^2 y,$$

$$Ly = -[(\Gamma y)(x)]' - u(x)(\Gamma y)(x) - u^2(x)y + q(x)y = k^2 y$$

elde edilir. Şimdi $y_1 = y$, $y_2 = (\Gamma y)(x)$ alınırsa,

$$\begin{cases} y_1' - y_2 = u(x)y_1 \\ y_2' + k^2 y_1 = -u(x)y_2 - u^2(x)y_1 + q(x)y_1 \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

$$y_1(0) = 0, y_1(p) = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{cases} y_1(d+0) = ay_1(d-0) \\ y_2(d+0) = a^{-1}y_1(d-0) + 2ikby_1(d-0) \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

problemi elde edilir.

(4) sisteminin matris gösterimini

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}' = \begin{pmatrix} u & 1 \\ -k^2 - u^2 + q & -u \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

veya

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} u(x) & 1 \\ -k^2 - u^2(x) + q(x) & -u(x) \end{pmatrix}, y = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ olmak üzere } y' = Ay, \text{ matrisinin}$$

elemanları integrallenebilir olduğundan [12] de $y' = Ay + f$, $f \in L_1(0, p)$ sistemleri için başlangıç-değer problemin çözümünün varlığı ile ilgili teorem gereği her $x \in [0, p]$, $n = (n_1, n_2)^T \in C^2$ için (7) sisteminin $y_1(x) = n_1$, $y_2(x) = n_2$ başlangıç koşullarını sağlayan sadece bir tek çözümü vardır. Özel olarak $y_1(0) = 1, y_2(0) = ik$ alınabilir.

Tanım: (4) diferansiyel denklemler sisteminin $y_1(x) = y(x) = n_1$, $y_2(x) = (\Gamma y)(x) = n_2$ başlangıç koşullarını sağlayan çözümünün birinci bileşenine, (1) denkleminin aynı koşulları sağlayan çözümü denir.

(4) diferansiyel denklemler sisteminin $\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ ik \end{pmatrix}$ başlangıç koşullarını ve (6) süreksizlik koşullarını sağlayan çözümü, $a^+ = \frac{1}{2}(a + a^{-1})$, $a^- = \frac{1}{2}(a - a^{-1})$ olmak üzere,

$x < d$ iken,

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{ikx} + \int_0^x u(t)y_1 \cos k(x-t)dt - \frac{1}{k} \int_0^x [u(t)y_2 + u^2(t)y_1 - q(t)y_1] \sin k(x-t)dt \\ ike^{ikx} - \int_0^x ku(t)y_1 \sin k(x-t)dt + \int_0^x [u(t)y_2 + u^2(t)y_1 - q(t)y_1] \cos k(x-t)dt \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

$x > d$ iken,

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= a^+ e^{ikx} + a^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + b[e^{ikx} - e^{ik(2d-x)}] \\ &+ \int_0^d [a^+ \cos k(x-t) + a^- \cos k(x-2d+t)] u(t) y_1 dt \\ &- \frac{1}{k} \int_0^d [u(t)y_2 + u^2(t)y_1 - q(t)y_1] [a^+ \sin k(x-t) - a^- \sin k(x-2d+t)] dt \\ &+ ib \int_0^d [\sin k(x-t) + \sin k(x-2d+t)] u(t) y_1 dt \\ &\frac{ib}{k} \int_0^d [u(t)y_2 + u^2(t)y_1 - q(t)y_1] [\cos k(x-2d+t) - \cos k(x-t)] dt \\ &+ \int_d^x u(t)y_1 \cos k(x-t) dt - \frac{1}{k} \int_d^x [u(t)y_2 + u^2(t)y_1 - q(t)y_1] \sin k(x-t) dt \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y_2 = & ik\alpha^+ e^{ikx} - ik\alpha^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + ikb[e^{ikx} - e^{ik(2d-x)}] \\
& + k \int_0^d [-\alpha^+ \sin k(x-t) - \alpha^- \sin k(x-2d+t)] u(t) y_1 dt \\
& + \int_0^d [u(t)y_2 + u^2(t)y_1 - q(t)y_1] [-\alpha^+ \cos k(x-t) + \alpha^- \cos k(x-2d+t)] dt \\
& + ikb \int_0^d [\cos k(x-t) + \cos k(x-2d+t)] u(t) y_1 dt \\
& - ib \int_0^d [u(t)y_2 + u^2(t)y_1 - q(t)y_1] [\sin k(x-t) - \sin k(x-2d+t)] dt \\
& - k \int_d^x u(t)y_1 \sin k(x-t) dt - \int_d^x [u(t)y_2 + u^2(t)y_1 - q(t)y_1] \cos k(x-t) dt
\end{aligned} \tag{10}$$

integral denklemler sistemini elde edilir.

Şimdi (4) diferansiyel denklemler sisteminin $\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ ik \end{pmatrix}$ başlangıç koşullarını

ve (6) süreksizlik koşullarını sağlayan her çözümünün

$x < d$ iken,

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}(x) = \begin{cases} e^{ikx} + \int_{-x}^x K_{11}(x,t) e^{ikt} dt \\ ike^{ikx} + b(x) e^{ikx} + \int_{-x}^x K_{21}(x,t) e^{ikt} + ik \int_{-x}^x K_{22}(x,t) e^{ikt} \end{cases} \tag{11}$$

$x > d$ iken,

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}(x) = \begin{cases} \alpha^+ e^{ikx} + \alpha^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + b(e^{ikx} - e^{ik(2d-x)}) + \int_{-x}^x K_{11}(x,t) e^{ikt} dt \\ ik\alpha^+ e^{ikx} - ik\alpha^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + ikb(e^{ikx} + e^{ik(2d-x)}) \\ + b(x)[\alpha^+ e^{ikx} + \alpha^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + b(e^{ikx} - e^{ik(2d-x)})] \\ + \int_{-x}^x K_{21}(x,t) e^{ikt} + ik \int_{-x}^x K_{22}(x,t) e^{ikt} \end{cases} \tag{12}$$

şeklinde bir integral gösterilime sahip olduğunu ispatlayalım. Burada $K_{ij}(x,t), i, j = 1, 2$ ve $b(x)$ reel değerli sınırlı fonksiyonlardır. (11) ve (12) ifadeleri, (9) ve (10) çözümünde yerine yazılırsa,

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_{-x}^x K_{11}(x,t) e^{ikt} dt = \int_0^d u(t) \left[\mathbf{a}^+ \cos k(x-t) + \mathbf{a}^- \cos k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& - \frac{1}{k} \int_0^d u(t) \left[\mathbf{a}^+ \sin k(x-t) - \mathbf{a}^- \sin k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ ike^{ikt} + b(t) e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{21}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right. \\
& \quad \left. + ik \int_{-t}^t K_{22}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& - \frac{1}{k} \int_0^d (u^2(t) - q(t)) \left[\mathbf{a}^+ \sin k(x-t) - \mathbf{a}^- \sin k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& + ib \int_o^d u(t) \left[\sin k(x-t) + \sin k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& - \frac{ib}{k} \int_0^d u(t) \left[\cos k(x-2d+t) - \cos k(x-t) \right] \left\{ ike^{ikt} + b(t) e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{21}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right. \\
& \quad \left. + ik \int_{-t}^t K_{22}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& - \frac{ib}{k} \int_0^d (u^2(t) - q(t)) \left[\cos k(x-2d+t) - \cos k(x-t) \right] \left\{ e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& + \int_d^x u(t) \left\{ \mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikt} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-t)} + b(e^{ikt} - e^{ik(2d-t)}) + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} \cos k(x-t) dt \\
& - \int_d^x u(t) \left\{ ika^+ e^{ikt} - ika^- e^{ik(2d-t)} ik + b(e^{ikt} + e^{ik(2d-t)}) \right\} \sin k(x-t) dt \\
& - \int_d^x u(t) b(t) \left[\mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikt} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-t)} + b(e^{ikt} - e^{ik(2d-t)}) \right] \sin k(x-t) dt \\
& + \int_d^x u(t) \left\{ \int_{-t}^t K_{21}(t,s) e^{iks} + ik \int_{-t}^t K_{22}(t,s) e^{ikt} \right\} \sin k(x-t) dt \\
& - \int_d^x (u^2(t) - q(t)) \left\{ \mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikt} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-t)} + b(e^{ikt} - e^{ik(2d-t)}) + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} \sin k(x-t) dt
\end{aligned}$$

ve

$$\begin{aligned}
& b(x) \left[\mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikx} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + \mathbf{b} \left(e^{ikx} - e^{ik(2d-x)} \right) \right] + \int_{-x}^x K_{21}(x,t) e^{ikt} + ik \int_{-x}^x K_{22}(x,t) e^{ikt} = \\
& k \int_0^d u(t) \left[-\mathbf{a}^+ \sin k(x-t) - \mathbf{a}^- \sin k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& + \int_0^d u(t) \left[-\mathbf{a}^+ \cos k(x-t) + \mathbf{a}^- \cos k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ ike^{ikt} + b(t) e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{21}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right. \\
& \quad \left. + ik \int_{-t}^t K_{22}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& + \int_0^d (u^2(t) - q(t)) \left[-\mathbf{a}^+ \cos k(x-t) + \mathbf{a}^- \cos k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& + ik \mathbf{b} \int_o^d u(t) \left[\cos k(x-t) + \cos k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& - i \mathbf{b} \int_0^d u(t) \left[\sin k(x-t) - \sin k(x-2d+t) \right] \left\{ ike^{ikt} + b(t) e^{ikt} + \int_{-t}^t K_{21}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right. \\
& \quad \left. + ik \int_{-t}^t K_{22}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} dt \\
& - k \int_d^x u(t) \left\{ \mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikt} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-t)} + \mathbf{b} \left(e^{ikt} - e^{ik(2d-t)} \right) + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} \sin k(x-t) dt \\
& - \int_d^x u(t) \left\{ ika^+ e^{ikt} - ika^- e^{ik(2d-t)} ik \mathbf{b} \left[e^{ikt} + e^{ik(2d-t)} \right] \right\} \cos k(x-t) dt \\
& - \int_d^x u(t) b(t) \left[\mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikt} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-t)} + \mathbf{b} \left(e^{ikt} - e^{ik(2d-t)} \right) \right] \cos k(x-t) dt \\
& - \int_d^x u(t) \left\{ \int_{-t}^t K_{21}(t,s) e^{iks} + ik \int_{-t}^t K_{22}(t,s) e^{ikt} \right\} \cos k(x-t) dt \\
& - \int_d^x (u^2(t) - q(t)) \left\{ \mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikt} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-t)} + \mathbf{b} \left(e^{ikt} - e^{ik(2d-t)} \right) + \int_{-t}^t K_{11}(t,s) e^{iks} ds \right\} \cos k(x-t) dt
\end{aligned}$$

integral denklemleri elde edilir. Gerekli hesaplamalardan sonra

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_{-x}^x K_{11}(x,t) e^{ikt} dt &= \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x u\left(\frac{x+t}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x u\left(d+\frac{t-x}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&- \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_x^{2d-x} u\left(d-\frac{t-x}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} u\left(\frac{x+t}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x u\left(\frac{x+t}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&- \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} u\left(d-\frac{t-x}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^{\frac{x+t}{2}} [u^2(s) + u(s)b(s) - q(s)] ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&+ \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x u\left(d+\frac{t-x}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_d^{\frac{d+x+t}{2}} [u^2(s) + u(s)b(s) - q(s)] ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&+ \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d [u^2(s) + u(s)b(s) - q(s)] ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&+ \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_d^{\frac{d+x+t}{2}} [u^2(s) + u(s)b(s) - q(s)] ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&- \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_0^{\frac{x+t}{2}} [u^2(s) + u(s)b(s) - q(s)] ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&+ \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+s-x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-s+x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&- \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+s-x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&+ \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-s+x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&- \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
&+ \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x-s+2d}^{t+x+s-2d} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{\alpha}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x-s+2d}^{t+x-s-2d} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+s-x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-s+x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-s+x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_d^x u(t) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_d^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{\alpha}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{\alpha}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d-\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{\alpha}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d-\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\alpha}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+s-x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d-\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-s+x) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d-\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_2(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_0^{\frac{t-x}{2}} [u^2(s) + u(s)b(s) - q(s)] ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_0^{\frac{t+x}{2}} [u^2(s) + u(s)b(s) - q(s)] ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_0^d u(t) \int_{t+x-2d+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds \right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_0^d u(t) \int_{t-x+s}^{t-x+2d-s} K_{21}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_0^d [u^2(t) - q(t)] \int_{t+x-2d+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_0^d [u^2(t) - q(t)] \int_{t-x+s}^{t-x+2d-s} K_{11}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_d^x u(t) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{1}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(t) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_{-x}^x K_{21}(x, t) e^{ikt} dt &= \frac{\alpha^-}{4} \left(\int_{x-2d}^x \left[u^2 \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) + u \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) b \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) - q \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) \right] e^{ikt} dt \right) \\
& + \frac{\alpha^-}{4} \left(\int_x^{2d-x} \left[u^2 \left(d - \frac{t-x}{2} \right) + u \left(d - \frac{t-x}{2} \right) b \left(d - \frac{t-x}{2} \right) - q \left(d - \frac{t-x}{2} \right) \right] e^{ikt} dt \right) \\
& - \frac{\alpha^+}{4} \int_{-x}^x \left[u^2 \left(\frac{t+x}{2} \right) + u \left(\frac{t+x}{2} \right) b \left(\frac{t+x}{2} \right) - q \left(\frac{t+x}{2} \right) \right] e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{4} \int_{-x}^x \left[u^2 \left(\frac{t+x}{2} \right) + u \left(\frac{t+x}{2} \right) b \left(\frac{t+x}{2} \right) - q \left(\frac{t+x}{2} \right) \right] e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{4} \int_{x-2d}^x \left[u^2 \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) + u \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) b \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) - q \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) \right] e^{ikt} dt
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{b}{4} \int_{2d-x}^x \left[u^2 \left(d - \frac{t-x}{2} \right) + u \left(d - \frac{t-x}{2} \right) b \left(d - \frac{t-x}{2} \right) - q \left(d - \frac{t-x}{2} \right) \right] e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{a^-}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{21}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{a^-}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{21}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{a^-}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{21}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{a^-}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{21}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{x-2d} \left(\int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^x u(s) K_{21}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{1}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_d^x u(s) K_{21}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_d^x u(s) K_{21}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{1}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{21}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{x-2d} \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{1}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \int_{-xd}^{2d-x} \left(\int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{1}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{a^+}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{a^+}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& -\frac{a^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{\frac{t+x}{2}}^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \quad (14)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{-x}^x K_{22}(x, t) e^{ikt} dt = \\ & -\frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x u\left(\frac{x+t}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} u\left(d - \frac{t-x}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} u\left(\frac{x+t}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x u\left(\frac{x+t}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} u\left(d - \frac{t-x}{2}\right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & + \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(t) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(t) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d-\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_{d-\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\ & - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{2d-x} \left(\int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{x-2d} \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \int_{x-2d}^x \left(\int_d^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{1}{2} \int_{-x}^{x-2d} \left(\int_d^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \int_{2d-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^d u(t) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt + \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^d u(t) \int_{t-x+2d-s}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt - \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds \right) e^{ikt} dt \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{-x}^x \left(\int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+2d-s}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds \right) e^{ikt} dt
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

eşitlikleri elde edilir. (13), (14) ve (15) eşitliklerinden $K_{ij}(x, t)$, $i, j = 1, 2$ fonksiyonları için aşağıdaki integral denklem sistemleri bulunur.

$$\begin{aligned}
K_{11}(x,t) = & \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} u\left(\frac{t+x}{2}\right) + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} u\left(\frac{t+x}{2}\right) + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} u\left(d - \frac{t-x}{2}\right) \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_0^{\frac{t+x}{2}} [u^2(t) + u(t)b(t) - q(t)] dt + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d [u^2(t) + u(t)b(t) - q(t)] dt \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^{\frac{d+t-x}{2}} [u^2(t) + u(t)b(t) - q(t)] dt + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^{\frac{t+x}{2}} [u^2(t) + u(t)b(t) - q(t)] dt \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds + \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+2d-s}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+2d-s}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t-x+2d-s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t+x-2d+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t-x+2d-s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{b}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t+x-2d+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{b}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
K_{21}(x, t) = & -\frac{\alpha^+}{4} \left[u^2 \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) + u \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) b \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) - q \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) \right] \\
& + \frac{\alpha^-}{4} \left[u^2 \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) + u \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) b \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) - q \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) \right] \\
& - \frac{b}{4} \left[u^2 \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) + u \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) b \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) - q \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) \right] \\
& - \frac{b}{4} \left[u^2 \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) + u \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) b \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) - q \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) \right] \\
& - \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{\alpha^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{21}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds - \frac{\alpha^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{21}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& - \frac{\alpha^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{21}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{21}(s, t-x+s) ds + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{21}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
K_{22}(x, t) = & -\frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} u\left(\frac{t+x}{2}\right) - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} u\left(\frac{t+x}{2}\right) - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{21}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-s) ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{b}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+2d-s}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{b}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}(s, x) dx ds \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{b}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-s-x+2d}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{11}(s, x) dx ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{22}(s, t+x-s) ds
\end{aligned}$$

1-) $d < x < 2d$, $-x < t < x-2d < 2d-x$ bölgesinde $K_{11}(x, t)$, $K_{21}(x, t)$ ve $K_{22}(x, t)$ ifadelerine ardışık yaklaşımlar yöntemi uygulanırsa;

$$\begin{aligned}
K_{11}^{(0)}(x, t) = & \frac{a^+}{2} u\left(\frac{t+x}{2}\right) + \frac{a^-}{2} u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) - \frac{b}{2} u\left(\frac{t+x}{2}\right) + \frac{b}{2} u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) + \frac{b}{2} u\left(d - \frac{t-x}{2}\right) \\
& - \frac{a^+}{2} \int_0^{\frac{t+x}{2}} [u^2(t) + u(t)b(t) - q(t)] dt + \frac{a^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d [u^2(t) + u(t)b(t) - q(t)] dt \\
& - \frac{b}{2} \int_0^{\frac{d+t-x}{2}} [u^2(t) + u(t)b(t) - q(t)] dt + \frac{b}{2} \int_0^{\frac{t+x}{2}} [u^2(t) + u(t)b(t) - q(t)] dt \\
K_{11}^{(n)}(x, t) = & \frac{a^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds + \frac{a^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{a^+}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{a^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds \\
& + \frac{a^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds - \frac{a^+}{2} \int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+2d-s}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds + \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+2d-s}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t-x+2d-s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t+x-2d+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds \\
& + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t-x+2d-s} K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t+x-2d+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds \\
& - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_{d-\frac{t+x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) d\mathbf{x} ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$K_{21}^{(0)}(x, t) = -\frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{4} \left[u^2 \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) + u \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) b \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) - q \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$+\frac{a^-}{4} \left[u^2 \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) + u \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) b \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) - q \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$-\frac{b}{4} \left[u^2 \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) + u \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) b \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) - q \left(\frac{x+t}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$-\frac{b}{4} \left[u^2 \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) + u \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) b \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) - q \left(d + \frac{t-x}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} K_{21}^{(n)}(x,t) = & -\frac{a^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{a^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\ & - \frac{a^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds \\ & - \frac{a^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\ & - \frac{a^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\ & - \frac{a^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \\ & - \frac{a^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds \\ & - \frac{a^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d (u^2(s) - q(s)) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \end{aligned}$$

$$K_{22}^{(0)}(x,t) = -\frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} u\left(\frac{t+x}{2}\right) - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right) + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} u\left(\frac{t+x}{2}\right) - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} u\left(d + \frac{t-x}{2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} K_{22}^{(n)}(x,t) &= \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\ &\quad - \frac{\mathbf{a}^+}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\ &\quad - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\ &\quad - \frac{\mathbf{a}^-}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds \\ &\quad + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\ &\quad - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\ &\quad - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+2d-s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-2d+s) ds \\ &\quad + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\ &\quad + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_0^d u(s) \int_{t-x+2d-s}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d-\frac{x+t}{2}}^d \left(u^2(s) - q(s)\right) \int_{t-s-x+2d}^{t+x-2d+s} K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds \\ &\quad - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{2} \int_{d+\frac{t-x}{2}}^d \left(u^2(s) - q(s)\right) \int_{t-x+s}^{t+x-s} K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) dx ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x-t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{x+t}{2}}^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, t+x-s) ds \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \int_d^x u(s) K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, t-x+s) ds
\end{aligned}$$

integral denklemleri elde edilir. O halde

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_{-x}^x |K_{11}^{(0)}(x, t)| dt &= a^+ \int_0^x |u(t)| dt + |a^-| \int_{d-x}^d |u(t)| dt + |b| \int_0^x |u(t)| dt + |b| \int_{d-x}^d |u(t)| dt \\
& + |b| \int_d^{d+x} |u(t)| dt + a^+ \int_0^x (x-t) \left[|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)| \right] dt \\
& + |a^-| \int_0^x (x-t) \left[|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)| \right] dt \\
& + 2|b| \int_0^x (x-t) \left[|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)| \right] dt \\
& + |b| \int_0^x (x-t) \left[|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)| \right] dt \\
\int_{-x}^x |K_{21}^{(0)}(x, t)| dt &= \frac{a^+}{2} \int_0^x [|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)|] dt + \frac{|a^-|}{2} \int_{d-x}^d [|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)|] dt \\
& + \frac{|b|}{2} \int_{d-x}^d [|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)|] dt + \frac{|b|}{2} \int_0^x [|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)|] dt \\
\int_{-x}^x |K_{22}^{(0)}(x, t)| dt &= a^+ \int_0^x |u(t)| dt + |a^-| \int_{d-x}^d |u(t)| dt + |b| \int_0^x |u(t)| dt + |b| \int_{d-x}^d |u(t)| dt
\end{aligned}$$

dolayısıyla,

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_{-x}^x |K_{11}^{(0)}(x, t)| dt &\leq [2a^+ + 2|a^-| + 6|b|] \int_0^x (x-t) [|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)|] dt \\
\int_{-x}^x |K_{21}^{(0)}(x, t)| dt &\leq \left[\frac{a^+}{2} + \frac{|a^-|}{2} + |b| \right] \int_0^x (x-t) [|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)|] dt \\
\int_{-x}^x |K_{22}^{(0)}(x, t)| dt &\leq [a^+ + |a^-| + 2|b|] \int_0^x (x-t) [|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)|] dt
\end{aligned}$$

eşitsizlikleri bulunur.

$$c_1 = \max \left\{ \left[2\alpha^+ + 2|\alpha^-| + 6|\beta| \right], \left[\frac{\alpha^+}{2} + \frac{|\alpha^-|}{2} + |\beta| \right], \left[\alpha^+ + |\alpha^-| + 2|\beta| \right] \right\} \text{ ve}$$

$s(x) = \int_0^x (x-t) [|u(t)|^2 + |u(t)||b(t)| + |q(t)|] dt$ olarak alınırsa, her $i, j = 1, 2$ için

$$\int_{-x}^x |K_{ij}^{(0)}(x,t)| dt \leq c_1 s(x) \text{ olur. Ayrıca}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-x}^x |K_{11}^{(n)}(x,t)| dt &\leq \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds + \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + \alpha^+ p \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds + \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds + \alpha^+ p \int_0^x [|u(s)|^2 + |q(s)|] \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds + \frac{|\alpha^-|}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + |\alpha^-| p \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + |\alpha^-| p \int_0^x [|u(s)|^2 + |q(s)|] \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + |b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds + |b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + \frac{|b|}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds + \frac{|b|}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + |b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds + |b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \\ &\quad + |b| p \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s,x)| dx ds \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + |b| p \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + |b| p \int_0^x \left[\left| u(s) \right|^2 + \left| q(s) \right| \right] \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + \frac{|b|}{2} \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds + \frac{|b|}{2} \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + 2 \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds + p \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + p \int_0^x \left[\left| u(s) \right|^2 + \left| q(s) \right| \right] \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds + \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
K_{21}^{(n)}(x, t) = & \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds + \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x \left[\left| u(s) \right|^2 + \left| q(s) \right| \right] \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x \left[\left| u(s) \right|^2 + \left| q(s) \right| \right] \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x \left[\left| u(s) \right|^2 + \left| q(s) \right| \right] \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x \left[\left| u(s) \right|^2 + \left| q(s) \right| \right] \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds \\
& + \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds + \int_0^x \left| u(s) \right| \int_{-s}^s \left| K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x) \right| dx ds
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
\int_{-x}^x |K_{22}^{(n)}(x, t)| dt & = \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + \frac{\alpha^+}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + \alpha^+ p \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + |\alpha^-| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + |b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + 2|b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + 2|b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + |b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + 2p|b| \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{21}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + |b|p \int_0^x [|u(s)|^2 + |q(s)|] \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + |b|p \int_0^x [|u(s)|^2 + |q(s)|] \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds \\
& + \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{11}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds + \int_0^x |u(s)| \int_{-s}^s |K_{22}^{(n-1)}(s, x)| dx ds
\end{aligned}$$

yukarıdaki eşitsizlikler kullanılırsa, $n = 1$ için;

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_{-x}^x |K_{11}^{(1)}(x, t)| dt & \leq \left[2\alpha^+ + \frac{7}{2}|\alpha^-| + 6|b| + 3 + 2p(\alpha^+ + |\alpha^-| + |b| + 1) \right] c_1 \frac{s^2(x)}{2!} \\
\int_{-x}^x |K_{21}^{(1)}(x, t)| dt & \leq [2\alpha^+ + 4|\alpha^-| + 5] c_1 \frac{s^2(x)}{2!} \\
\int_{-x}^x |K_{22}^{(1)}(x, t)| dt & \leq [\alpha^+ + 4|\alpha^-| + 6|b| + 3 + p(\alpha^+ + 4|b|)] c_1 \frac{s^2(x)}{2!}
\end{aligned}$$

eşitsizlikleri elde edilir.

$$c = \max \left\{ \left[2a^+ + \frac{7}{2}|a^-| + 6|b| + 3 + 2p(a^+ + |a^-| + |b| + 1) \right], \left[2a^+ + 4|a^-| + 5 \right], \left[a^+ + 4|a^-| + 6|b| + 3 + p(a^+ + 4|b|) \right], c_1 \right\}$$

olarak alınırsa; her $i, j = 1, 2$ için $\int_{-x}^x |K_{ij}^{(1)}(x, t)| dt \leq c^2 \frac{s^2(x)}{2!}$ eşitsizlikleri elde edilir.

Ayrıca $n = 2$ için $i, j = 1, 2$ olmak üzere $\int_{-x}^x |K_{ij}^{(2)}(x, t)| dt \leq c^3 \frac{s^3(x)}{3!}$ elde edilir.

Tümevarım yöntemi uygulanırsa, her $i, j = 1, 2$ için $\int_{-x}^x |K_{ij}^{(n)}(x, t)| dt \leq c^{n+1} \frac{s^{n+1}(x)}{(n+1)!}$

eşitsizliği geçerli olur. Benzer işlemler diğer

$$2-) 2d < x, -x < t < 2d - x, \quad 3-) d < x < 2d, x - 2d < t < 2d - x, \quad 4-)$$

$$2d < x, -x < t < x - 2d$$

$$5-) 2d < x, 2d - x < t < x, 6-) d < x < 2d, x - 2d < t < x$$

bölgelerinde de yapılabilir.

Dolayısıyla $s(x) = \int_0^x (x-t) [u(t)^2 + |u(t)|b(t) + |q(t)|] dt$ olmak üzere her $i, j = 1, 2$

için

$$\int_{-x}^x |K_{ij}(x, t)| dt \leq e^{cs(x)} - 1$$

eşitsizliği sağlanır.

Bu durumda aşağıdaki teorem ispatlanmış olur.

Teoremler: L probleminin $\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ ik \end{pmatrix}$ başlangıç koşullarını sağlayan çözümü için

$x < d$ iken,

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{ikx} + \int_{-x}^x K_{11}(x, t) e^{ikt} dt \\ ik e^{ikx} + b(x) e^{ikx} + \int_{-x}^x K_{21}(x, t) e^{ikt} dt + ik \int_{-x}^x K_{22}(x, t) e^{ikt} dt \end{pmatrix}$$

$x > d$ iken,

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}(x) = \begin{cases} \mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikx} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + b \left[e^{ikx} - e^{ik(2d-x)} \right] + \int_{-x}^x K_{11}(x,t) e^{ikt} dt \\ ika^+ e^{ikx} - ika^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + ik b \left[e^{ikx} + e^{ik(2d-x)} \right] \\ \quad + b(x) \left[\mathbf{a}^+ e^{ikx} + \mathbf{a}^- e^{ik(2d-x)} + b \left[e^{ikx} - e^{ik(2d-x)} \right] \right] \\ \quad + \int_{-x}^x K_{21}(x,t) e^{ikt} + ik \int_{-x}^x K_{22}(x,t) e^{ikt} \end{cases}$$

gösterilimleri mevcuttur.

$$\text{Burada } b(x) = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^x [u^2(s) - q(s)] e^{-\frac{1}{2} \int_s^x u(t) dt} ds \text{ ve}$$

$$K_{11}(x,x) = \frac{(\mathbf{a}^+ + b)}{2} [u(x) + b(x)], \quad K_{22}(x,x) = -\frac{(\mathbf{a}^+ + b)}{2} [u(x) + 2b(x)]$$

$$K_{21}(x,x) = b'(x) - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x [u^2(s) - q(s)] K_{11}(s,s) ds - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x u(s) K_{21}(s,s) ds$$

$$\frac{\partial K_{i,j}(x,.)}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial K_{i,j}(x,.)}{\partial t} \in L_2[0,p], \quad (i, j = 1, 2)$$

şeklindedir.

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